

St Fergus Webinar

Consultation on the future charging and commercial solutions

nationalgrid

Slido.com **#StFergus**

We will start at 09.02

Logistics



Should last approximately 60 mins

Questions via slido.com **#StFergus** or can be accessed using the QR code

Please mute microphones and turn off video

Webinar will **recorded** and material will be published at St Fergus Consultation | National Grid Gas

Who you'll be hearing from today in Gas Transmission











Tony Nixon Regulation Director

Mark Freeman Commercial Development Manager Colin Williams Charging & Revenue Manager

Jenny Pemberton Stakeholder Manager



1 Welcome and introduction

- 2 RIIO-2 arrangements what has happened so far
 - **3** Funding & commercial options
 - 4 Potential impact on charges
 - **5** Stakeholder process and next steps
 - 6 Summary
 - **7** Q&A







Have you read the consultation document?

- Yes, all of it
- Yes, the executive summary
- Yes, some of it
- No



Welcome and introduction

Welcome and introduction

Stakeholders have told us:

- St Fergus is a critical site of fundamental importance to the UK and it's economy
 - One of highest utilised sites in UK
 - Security of supply for gas consumers
 - Access to oil production

Builds on RIIO-2 engagement

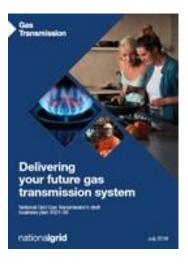
Focusing on principles of targeted charging

We want to get the **balance right** between users of the terminal and consumers

We want to put **stakeholders** at the forefront of any issues that affect the potential future utilisation of St Fergus terminal









RIIO-2 Arrangements – what has happened so far

St Fergus Terminal

- Commissioned in 1978
- Handles between 25 50% UK gas supply
- Significant role to play in transition to net zero
- Challenges
 - Needs investment to re-life some assets
 - Environmental legislation



The consultation is part of the **RIIO-2 price control** and the need for a re-opener in June 2025 to agree funding for the **capability** that is needed for customers and consumers



2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Pre- Business Plan engagement	Business Plan consultation process	Draft / Final Determinations	St Fergus Consultations	St Fergus Option Selection
 RIIO-2 Stakeholder Engagement events Future needs of the network – St Fergus - Jul 2018 Edinburgh environmental workshop – Dec 18 SEPA – Dec 18 / Jan 19 EA – Jan 19 	 July Draft Business Plan October Draft Business Plan December Business Plan submission to Ofgem 	 Draft Determinations – July 20 Final Determinations – December 20 	 Initial Consultation – Aug 21 Publish consultation outcomes – Nov 21 	 NGG consultation on Options – Summer 22 Submission to Ofgem – Dec 22 (published online) Ofgem decision on Final Option Selection including commercials and charging

Continued engagement with stakeholders through BAU

RIIO-2 arrangements – requirements for final option selection



- Agreed **2 stage regulatory process** for funding decisions within the RIIO-2 period
- Funding in place for baseline Asset Health works
- Final Option Selection Report (FOSR) Stage 1 of process
 - Investment proposals to provide the capability required by customers and consumers
 - Supporting commercial arrangements, e.g. UNC modifications, limiting liabilities, etc.
- Stage 2 will be the cost submission post a procurement tender process
- Detailed timeline set out in consultation
- Continued engagement for stakeholder input



Following on from the RIIO-2 process do you agree with our approach to address the requirements of Final Determinations?

• Is there anything else we should consider?

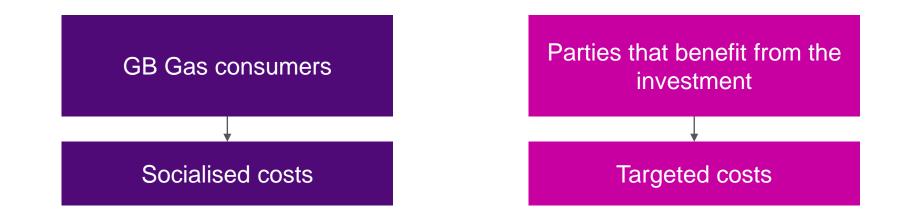


Funding & Commercial Options



Who should pay for investment?





Challenges

- Targeted charging not the current contractual arrangements
 - liabilities if we do not invest constraint costs are socialised
 - potential stranding risk if we do invest
 - Change in entry capability at St Fergus results in need to make or accelerate consequential investments

Funding and Commercial Options



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Investment Options	How facilitated	Challenge	Cost treatment	UNC modification required?
NGG Invest to make	Through RIIO process	How to include wider	Socialised	X
compressors compliant	miougin Mio process	market impacts	Targeted	
NSMP invest to provide compression	Change NEA	Requires agreement from NSMP or NSMP shippers	Not included in	
	Asset Transfer or NSMP fund investment	Requires agreement with NSMP	transportation charges	
Third party provides compression	Sell/transfer compression "service"	Unlikely anyone interested with current liabilities	Not included in transportation charges	×
No investment i.e. derogate compressors to manage run-time hours to less than 500 hours	Buyback capacity or turndown arrangements	Complex, expensive and/or requires agreement	Socialised	×
	Do nothing i.e. incur constraint costs	Impact on constraint management processes	Socialised - Limiting liabilities	



Should we include the wider market impact in our assessment and, if so, what robust method could we utilise?

- Other than the changes to the UNC discussed i.e. cost targeting and limiting liabilities, are there other changes to the UNC that could be made to protect GB consumers?
- Are there any other commercial options i.e. other than capacity buybacks and turndown arrangements that could be used as a solution?

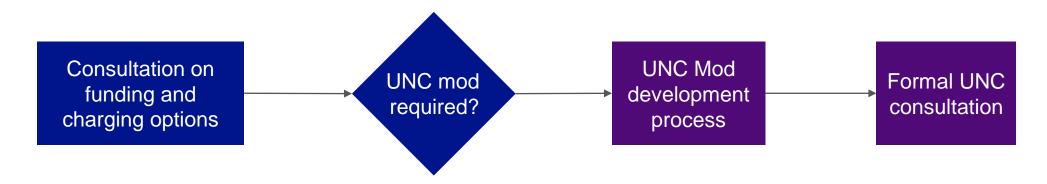


Potential impact on charges

Potential impact on charges



- Currently any costs feeding into National Grid's allowed revenues would be socialised across GB gas consumers through Transportation Charges (Entry and Exit)
- Targeted charging of any costs would require a UNC modification



 Any modification would be shared and developed with industry via UNC change process via the NTS Charging Methodology Forum (NTSCMF): <u>https://www.gasgovernance.co.uk/ntscmf</u>



Do you support targeted charging where there is demonstrable localised benefits that should be borne by a targeted group of parties / customers?

- If you believe the charge should be targeted, to what degree should this targeting take place?
- In terms of the costs that should be reflected in the charge, should it include all or some of the investment?
- What impact will a targeted charge have on shipper behaviours?



Stakeholder process and next steps

Stakeholder Engagement Process



Engagement Phase 1 Sept 21

Engagement Phase 2 Summer '22

Key areas of engagement

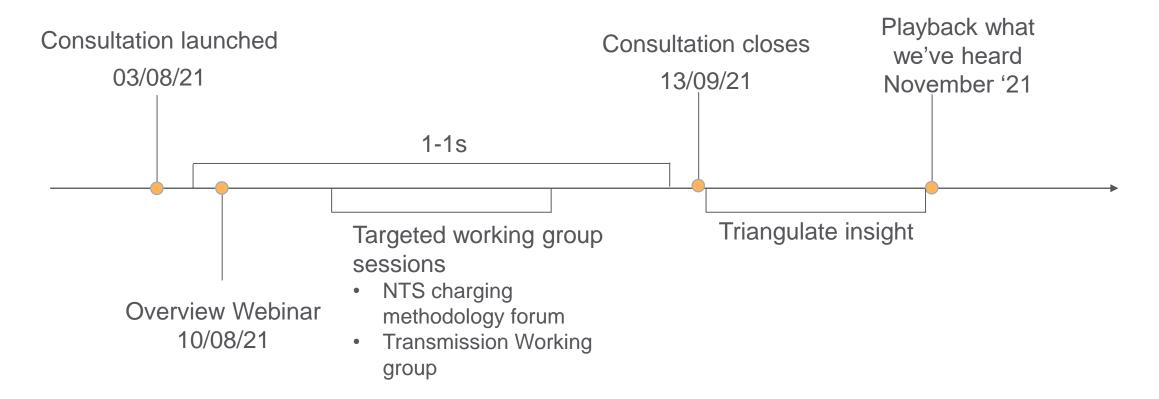
- Future level of entry capacity required
- Most appropriate charging regime

Key areas of engagement

 Options to deliver the level of entry capacity including outcomes of commercial solutions

How to have your voice heard





The consultation is open until 13th September, responses to: <u>box.operationalliaison@nationalgrid.com</u>





Does this process allow you to have your voice heard?



If you would like a 1-1, please leave your contact details.



Summary



We want to hear from you



We want to get the **right balance** between users of the terminal and consumers

Stakeholders are fundamental in developing the right approach

Specifically seeking views on:

- Has anything changed since our business plan that might impact this project
- Whether we should include the wider market impact in our assessment of options
- How to recover assumed funded works via charges

Q & A – SLIDO #StFergus

Alternatively slido can be accessed via a smart phone of tablet scanning the QR Code below







Contact

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Mark Freeman Commercial Development Manager Mark.freeman1@nationalgrid.com

Consultation Responses box.operationalliaison@nationalgrid.com

Consultation document location St Fergus Consultation | National Grid Gas



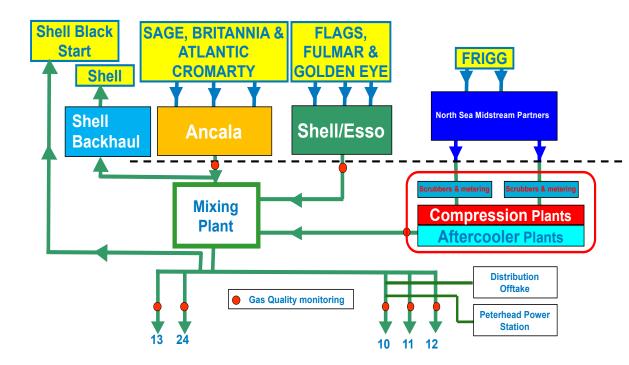
Cost recovery – example charging scenarios (for Appendix)

Table 1: Costs recovered 2024-2050 (p/kwh)

Scenario	Entry Rate	Exit Rate	Charging Base	Entry	Exit
Α	0.0016		Costs split across all Entry Points	Socialised Costs	N/A
В	0.0621		Costs split across all Entry Points	Targeted to NSMP	N/A
С		0.0016	Costs split across all Exit Points	N/A	Socialised Costs
D	0.0008	0.0008	Costs split across Entry & Exit 50:50	Socialised Costs	Socialised Costs
E	0.0306	0.0008	Costs split across Entry & Exit 50:50	Targeted to NSMP	Socialised Costs

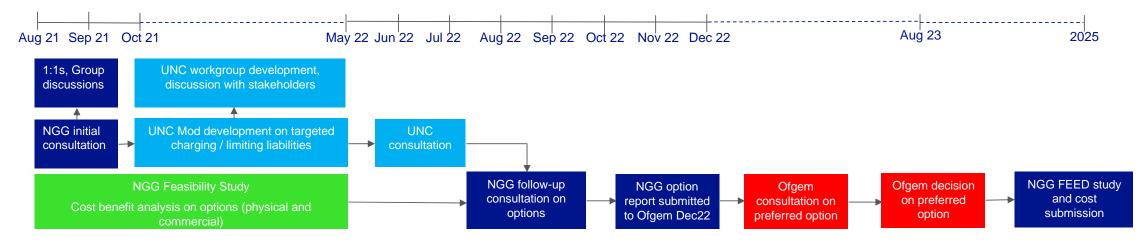
Table 2: Costs recovered 2024-2040 (p/kwh)

Scenario	Entry Rate	Exit Rate	Charging Base	Entry	Exit
Α	0.0021		Costs split across all Entry Points	Socialised Costs	N/A
В	0.0822		Costs split across all Entry Points	Targeted to NSMP	N/A
С		0.0021	Costs split across all Exit Points	N/A	Socialised Costs
D	0.0010	0.0011	Costs split across Entry & Exit 50:50	Socialised Costs	Socialised Costs
E	0.0406	0.0011	Costs split across Entry & Exit 50:50	Targeted to NSMP	Socialised Costs

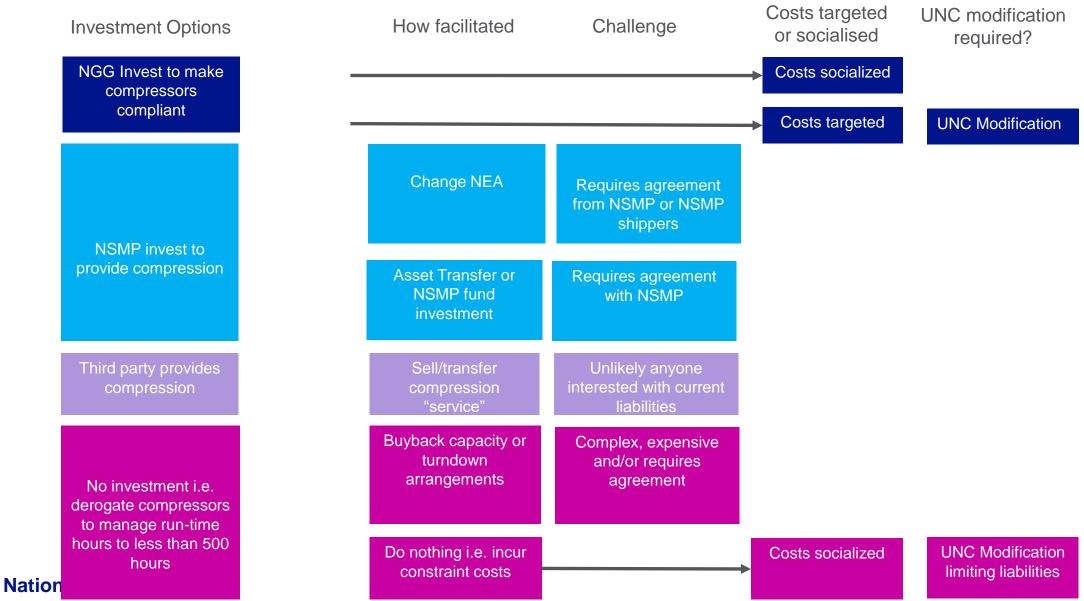


RIIO-2 arrangements – requirements for final option selection

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 - Investment proposals to provide the capability required by customers and consumers
 - Supporting commercial arrangements, e.g. UNC modifications, limiting liabilities, etc.
- Detailed timeline set out in consultation as shown below
- Continue engagement for stakeholder input through either formal consultation or through 1:1 or group discussion



Funding and Commercial Options



RIIO-2 arrangements – what has happened to date

- During the RIIO-2 process a number of stakeholder events were held at St Fergus so that we could get feedback on our Business Plans
- As part of the RIIO-2 price control a number of investments have been funded and three specific uncertainty mechanisms to obtain additional funding have been put in place for St Fergus
- The attached table shows the funding for asset health and cyberworks
- For the emissions reopener a baseline allowance of £19.98m has been provided to develop options for emissions compliance

	Baseline (ex-ante)	Uncertainty Mechanism ¹	Sum Theme Spend
Plant & Equipment	-	18.67	18.67
Cyber ²	14.71	12.28	26.99
Valves	2.07	0.57	2.64
Redundant Assets	4.55	-	4.55
Cab Infrastructre	-	1.50	1.50
Civils	0.86	-	0.86
Electrical	0.43	-	0.43
Actuators ³	-	15.47	15.47
ISS	2.15	-	2.15
Total ⁴	24.77	48.49	73.26

¹ Estimated value at time of submission subjet to increase or decrease ² Cyber use it or lose it ("UIOLI") funding mechanism

³ Actuator investment value based on estimated value at time of Final Determination ⁴ All values are post efficiency

Potential impact on charges

- An important aspect to consider is whether introducing a charge will change shipper behaviours such that flows could be redirected to avoid paying the additional charge. This could potentially result in underutilisation of the site capability and therefore charges for the capability being funded from all users.
- Any degree of targeting carries risks around recovery.
 - For example, it may be that the charge is targeted at an ever-decreasing user population at the subterminal and is why the time period the cost should be recovered over needs to be agreed.
 - In such a scenario it would be necessary to consider how remaining costs are recovered also ensuring that the methodology drives the balance between users and GB consumers.
 - Any such recovery would need to be considered in any enduring solution and to what degree this is covered in the UNC or other contractual routes.
- In terms of the costs to be targeted the indicative figure is provided from our 2019 Business Plan for the estimated costs covering emissions work (£180m) and associated asset health costs (£64m) out to 2031 and asset health costs from 2032-2050 (£127.3m). These costs have been used in in the following examples, with costs recovered over two timeframes 2024-2050, and 2024-2040.