National Grid UK Electricity Transmission plc NATIONAL SAFETY INSTRUCTION 10

and Guidance

EQUIPMENT CONTAINING PRESSURISED INTERRUPTING / INSULATING GASES



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DOCUMENT HISTORY

Issue	Date	Summary of Changes / Author(s) Reason		Approved By (Title)		
1	July 2009	New Guidance document to follow 3 ^{rd.} edition Electricity Safety Rules layout	NSI Working Group	MDE Manager Les Adams		
2	April 2011	Annual review; document		MDE Manager Les Adams		
3	April 2012	Annual review; document amended as detailed below and minor text changes as highlighted in yellow. NSI 10 Issue 3 incorporated into this document	NSI Review Group	MDE Manager Les Adams		
4	April 2014	Renamed as "National Safety Instruction and Guidance" which now incorporates and replaces NSI 10 Issue 3 and NSI 10 Guidance Issue 3	NSI Review Group	ETAM Operations North Manager Mike Dean		
5	Feb 2021	Updated & Reformatted	Electricity Transmission Operations Safety Rules Team	Head of ET Operations Matt Staley		
6	Jan 2023	Updated & Reformatted Retitled to reflect interrupting / insulated gas rather than just SF ⁶	Safety Rules Team	Director of ET Asset Operations Matt Staley		

KEY CHANGES

Section	Amendments					
Various	Reference to specific SF6 equipment / gas removed.					
Various	NSI now concentrates on System Safety – detailed technical references are now within the associated TGN(178).					

EQUIPMENT CONTAINING PRESSURISED INTERRUPTING / INSULATING GASES

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1 Purpose and Scope

To apply the principles established by the Safety Rules and provide guidance on National Safety Instruction 10, for **Personnel** working on **Equipment** containing or which has contained Pressurised Gas.

There is no requirement for **Personnel** to be formally appointed to this NSI in the following situations: -

- When working on Air Insulated Switchgear (AIS) or Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) and internal access to a Gas Zone is not required
- When performing operational and safety switching in accordance with Management Procedure NSI 1 "Operational and Safety Switching"
- Routine topping up and / or sampling of Gas Zones in accordance with a routine Risk Assessment and Method Statement (RAMS)

The layout of this guidance note reflects that of legislative codes of practice, where the rule (or mandatory obligation) is identified by a green panel on the left-hand side. The guidance follows after the rule and is identified by a blue panel.

Within National Grid, guidance notes hold equivalent status of an Approved Code of Practice (ACOP) in law. If not followed, you will be required to demonstrate that your safe system of work is of an equal or higher standard.

Further reference to Equipment containing Pressurised Interrupting / Insulating Gas

2 Definitions

Terms printed in bold type are as defined in the Safety Rules.

Title	Definition				
Gas Zone	Discrete sections of Gas Equipment which may comprise of one or more compartments and can be independently isolated and evacuated of Gas A Gas Zone may comprise of: - A single-phase enclosure A single enclosure containing the three phases of an item of Equipment Three single-phase enclosures of a common				
Designated Gas Zone Access	item of Equipment connected by inter-phase pipe work A notice which shall be attached to a <i>Gas Zone</i>				
Point Notice	access point(s) which requires venting prior to access				
Vented Gas Zone Access Point Notice	A notice which shall be attached to a <i>Gas Zone</i> which has been Vented and can be entered				

3 Dangers

The **System Danger(s)** to personnel from **Equipment** containing gas are, asphyxiation, electric shock, stored energy, poisoning and burns arising from: -

- Oxygen deficiency within a confined space
- Failure of a **Point of Isolation** or inadvertent energisation
- Contact with by-products
- Failure to control energy within spring / hydraulic mechanisms, face plates under pressure
- Failure of a gas barrier
- The presence of electrical trapped charge or capacitive stored energy arising from the electrical arrangement of the gas filled **Equipment** and the quality of the gas as a dielectric.

NSI 10 4.1 to 4.2

4. General Requirements for Work

- 4.1 Work areas shall be clearly demarcated.
- 4.2 When depressurisation is not required to allow work to be done, the following precautions shall be taken to achieve **Safety from the System**: -
 - a) Limiting the work or work area, followed by the issue of a Limited Access Certificate if appropriate

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b) Applying appropriate safety precautions, followed by the issue of a **Permit for Work** or **Sanction for Work**

Guidance NSI 10 4.1 to 4.2

- 4.1 Demarcation shall be carried out in accordance with Management Procedure NSI 6 "Demarcation in Substations".
- 4.2(a) When the **Senior Authorised Person decides** it is necessary to confirm these instructions in writing he shall record the assessment and controls to be applied in AMBP 311 RAMS. Where the RAMS controls all **Safety from the System** hazards there is no requirement to issue a **Limited Access Certificate**.

Where contractors are carrying out work near to **HV Equipment** and the means of achieving **Safety from the System** is by limiting the work or work area, a **Senior Authorised Person** shall confirm these instructions in writing by the issue of a **Limited Access Certificate**.

The only exception to this requirement is where the identified work, and / or work area as detailed and controlled in the risk assessment and method statements are limiting in their own right, thus ensuring there is no risk from the **System**.

- 4.2(b) Where work is on **LV** or mechanical parts of the **HV Equipment** and there is:
 - No depressurisation of the Gas Zone
 - No Danger from infringement of the HV System
 - No operation of Earthing Device(s)

Then there are no requirements to establish **HV** safety precautions.

Guidance NSI 10 4.2 Cont:

Examples of work where ${f HV}$ safety precautions are not required are: -

- Timing a Gas circuit breaker where all test leads are external to the Gas Zone and no earth connection is required, for example via: -
 - Optical Interface
 - Electrical Transducer
 - Mechanical Transducer.
- Topping up a Gas Zone where Safety Distance is not infringed, and no Point(s) of Isolation are established
- Work on LV electrical system where Safety Distance and integrity of the Gas Zone are not compromised
- Work on mechanical systems where Safety Distance and integrity of the Gas Zone are not compromised e.g.: -
 - Written Scheme of Examination on safety valve / local air storage vessel
 - · Topping up hydraulic system
 - Topping up accumulator
 - Replacement of hydraulic pressure switch / mechanism.

As **HV Equipment** also contains, **LV** and Mechanical components safety across control boundaries shall be established and maintained.

If the **HV Equipment** is required for a short duration outage to enable non-intrusive **LV** / Mechanical work to be undertaken the following process shall be adopted: -

- The Control Person for the LV / Mechanical Equipment shall contact the Control Person (Operation) for the HV Equipment and receive an instruction as per Management Procedure NSI 1 "Operational and Safety Switching", to take operational control / operate as required the relevant HV Equipment
- The relevant HV Equipment shall then be selected to local control at either the substation control point or the local control point by the Authorised Person
- LV and Mechanical safety precautions shall then be established as per the requirements of the Safety Rules
- On completion of the work the Control Person LV / Mechanical shall contact the appropriate Control Person (Operation) HV to return control of the relevant HV Equipment via an instruction as per Management Procedure NSI 1 "Operational and Safety Switching".

Guidance NSI 10 4.2 Cont:

If the **HV Equipment** has been transferred to the TNCC due to other work the following process shall be adopted: -

- The Control Person for the LV / Mechanical Equipment shall contact the Control Person (Safety) for the HV Equipment and receive an instruction as per Management Procedure NSI 1 "Operational and Safety Switching", to take operational control / operate as required for the relevant HV Equipment
- The relevant HV Equipment shall then be selected to either the substation control point or the local control point by the Authorised Person if applicable
- An "Operate as Required" shall not be instructed on a System State Certificate boundary isolator due to trapped charge issues
- LV and Mechanical safety precautions shall then be established as per the requirements of the Safety Rules
- On completion of the work the Control Person LV / Mechanical shall contact the appropriate Control Person (Safety) HV to return control of the relevant HV Equipment via an instruction as per Management Procedure NSI 1 "Operational and Safety Switching"

NSI 10 4.3

4.3 When depressurisation of a Gas Zone is required a **Competent Person** shall establish the toxicity of the gas contained within the Gas Zone prior to evacuation.

Guidance NSI 10 4.3

4.3 The **Competent Person** shall ensure the gas is drawn through a dry filter to avoid contaminating the gas handling equipment. (For further reference see TGN 178)

NSI 10 5.1

5 Internal Access to a Gas Zone

- 5.1 When internal access to a *Gas Zone* is required the following shall apply:
 - a) A detailed written risk assessment and method statement shall be produced. The **Senior Authorised Person** shall assess the work and method statement to ensure that **Safety from the System** is achieved.
 - b) The Senior Authorised Person(s) shall ensure that trapped/capacitive charge is fully dissipated prior to the commencement of work, all HV Equipment, associated contacts and conductors to be worked on shall be Earthed to ensure adequate dissipation of trapped / capacitive charge on every part of the HV Equipment. This may be achieved by closing the circuit breaker to solidly earth all modules within the circuit breaker.
 - c) The **Senior Authorised Person** shall prepare a **Permit for Work** or **Sanction for Work** as appropriate.
 - d) The **Senior Authorised Person** shall clearly identify each required access point into the *Gas Zone(s)* and ensure the appropriate notices are displayed.
 - e) Where reasonably practicable work within a *Gas Zone* shall be undertaken with the adjacent *Gas Zone(s)* reduced to atmospheric pressure. Where it is not reasonably practicable to reduce the adjacent *Gas Zone* to atmospheric pressure, work shall only be undertaken, provided all the following conditions have been met.
 - A vacuum (determined by Manufacturer instructions) has been drawn and maintained in the enclosure to be worked in for 1 hour with the pump isolated
 - There is no known or suspected mechanical or electrical damage to the pressurised barrier within the enclosure remaining pressurised
 - No known electrical flashover has occurred
 - No work on the busbar or barrier which may cause stress to the pressurised barrier shall be undertaken
 - A safe system of work is devised and implemented, which shall include, the use of suitable protective equipment to prevent damage to the pressurised barrier
 - f) Before opening any designated access point(s) the recipient of the **Safety Document** shall ensure that the relevant *Gas Zone(s)* is **Vented** and Section (A) of Gas Zone Access Control Form completed.
 - g) The recipient of the **Safety Document** shall ensure that relevant *Designated Gas Zone Access Point Notice(s)* are replaced with *Vented Gas Zone Access Point Notice(s)*. The recipient of the **Safety Document** can then give permission for members of the **Working Party** to open the access point(s) of the relevant *Gas Zone*.

NSI 10 5.1

- h) Following opening of the access points, but before **Personnel** access into the Gas Zone is permitted, the recipient of the **Safety Document** shall confirm that the Gas Zone is **Purged** of all gas contents and verify the oxygen content within the Gas Zone. Section (B) of Gas Zone Access Control Form shall be completed.
- If toxic breakdown products are detected at this point, access to the Gas Zone shall be restricted until removal of the breakdown product has been achieved. (This is achieved by the use of competent external contractors or competent internal staff).
- j) When the work requires the Gas Zone to be pressurised or drawn under vacuum, the recipient of the Safety Document, shall ensure that all members of the Working Party are accounted for prior to securing the designated access points. The recipient of the Safety Document shall then withdraw the Working Party and replace the 'Vented Gas Zone Access Point Notice(s)' with 'Designated Gas Zone Access Point Notice(s)'.

The **Working Party** shall then be informed of the change in state of the Gas Zone and Section (C) of Gas Zone Access Control Form completed. The Gas Zone may then be pressurised or drawn under vacuum.

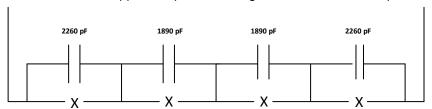
- k) The requirements of points (f / g / h) shall be repeated each time that the method statement requires depressurisation to open any designated access point.
- I) The requirements of point (j) shall be repeated each time that the method statement requires the Gas Zone to be pressurised or drawn under vacuum.
- m) Upon clearance or transfer of the **Safety Document**, the **Competent Person** shall state the condition of the Gas Zone by completing Section (E) or (D) of the Gas Zone Access Control Form immediately prior to the **Safety Document** clearance or surrender.

Guidance NSI 10 5.1

- 5.1(a) The risk assessment and method statement shall detail the hazards and controls appropriate to the work including the stages at which the *Gas Zone* shall be refilled with the appropriate gas to prevent moisture ingress and subsequently, **Vented** and **Purged** to allow safe internal access.
 - (b) The current Trapped Charge guidance document TNCC_C_03 principally focuses on the control of exposure of insulation to trapped charge (operational) and not Safety from the System considerations. Co-ordination of Dissipating Trapped is done with the appropriate Control Person.

The **Senior Authorised Person(s)** must fully consider the individual design of the equipment to be worked on and consider trapped / capacitive charge management as a **System** derived hazard. The precautions required shall be identified in the further precautions section of the **Safety Document** issued.

The following illustrates the equivalent diagram of a four break GIS circuit breaker, on GIS equipment conventional earthing may not remove the trapped / capacitive charge on the centre interrupters.



When undertaking invasive GIS works, to ensure that trapped charge is fully dissipated prior to the commencement of work, all **HV Equipment**, associated contacts and conductors to be worked on shall be **Earthed** to ensure adequate dissipation of trapped charge on every part of the **HV Equipment**.

- (d) When the **Safety Document** is to be issued with the *Gas Zone* still at pressure a *Designated Gas Zone Access Point Notice* shall be used. When the **Safety Document** is to be issued after completion of *Gas Zone* venting and purging a *Vented Gas Zone Access Point Notice* shall be used.
- (e) Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) is divided into discrete Gas Zones by cast resin barriers (partitions). The majority of Equipment is manufactured to safely withstand full differential pressures across the barrier (i.e. pressure on one side and a vacuum on the other). Operation and Maintenance manuals shall be consulted to confirm full differential pressure can be withstood across the barrier.
- (f) The recipient of the Safety Document shall sign; time and date Section (A) of the Gas Zone Access Control Form, refer to Appendix B of this document. For work involving multiple Gas Zones a separate Gas Zone Access Control Form shall be used for each individual Gas Zone.
- (h) The oxygen content shall be measured by the use of an appropriate calibrated instrument and the resultant figure recorded on Gas Zone Access Control Form. Personnel access, without breathing apparatus, can only be permitted if the oxygen content is within the range of 19% to 21% and can be maintained within this value throughout the course of the work by suitable ventilation and / or monitoring.

Guidance NSI 10 5.1

(i) PROCEDURE FOR ENTRY INTO A CHAMBER WHERE THE EXISTENCE OF BY-PRODUCTS IS SUSPECTED OR HAVE BEEN FOUND

This includes routine entry into any circuit breaker or disconnector Gas Zone containing contacts / interrupters, as well as emergency work following a fault.

A toxicity test shall be carried out on the gas in the Gas Zone, this is to determine if significant abnormal levels of arc product gases are present and assist in fault location.

After a fault, e.g. post arc, at least 24 hours should be allowed to let the molecular sieve absorb gas arc products and then a further period of 1 hour after breaking the vacuum, to allow solid contaminants to settle, before **Personne**l are exposed to the post arc environment.

Before opening a chamber for work, a vacuum will be drawn on the chamber - this is both to evacuate the gas and, in some cases, to prove the integrity of the gas barrier to all adjacent **Point(s) of Isolation.**

If the chamber or a bursting disc has ruptured, in order to establish the integrity of the Gas Zone(s) the following shall apply: -

- A Permit for Work shall be issued
- Use of appropriate PPE to control any exposure to by-products
- Bursting disc(s) shall be replaced
- Draw a vacuum to determine integrity of the chamber / gas barriers

It will not normally be necessary for the access point to be tented to exclude contamination of the surrounding area, unless advised by the Senior Authorised Person. Tenting may however be necessary to provide a clean environment for subsequent work on the equipment.

The vacuum shall be broken to dry air or nitrogen.

A **Permit for Work** will be issued. Confined space RAMS will be completed by the **Senior Authorised Person** where necessary.

One point of access shall be identified by a *Designated Gas Zone Access Point* notice and opened for the initial inspection by the **Senior Authorised Person** prior to work commencing.

To assist in the opening of the access point, the chamber should be at a very small positive pressure (a few millibars). This pressure shall be released by breaking the seal on the point of entry before completely releasing retaining bolts. This process may result in the release of a small quantity of by-products.

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Guidance NSI 10 5.1 Cont.

Suitable PPE shall be worn by Personnel involved who may be exposed to gas by-products.

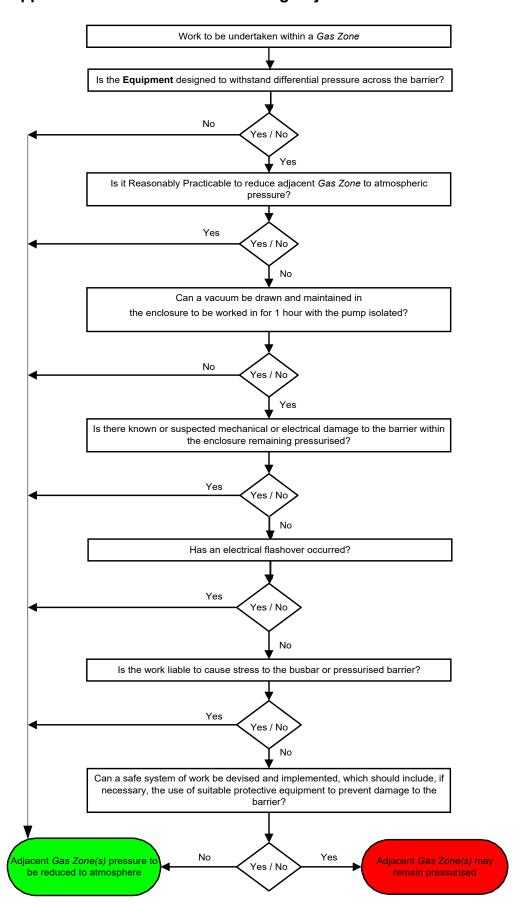
Senior Authorised Person shall identify from his initial inspection whether it is necessary for an initial clean to remove arc products. At this stage, if white metal fluorides are observed in small quantities, the **Equipment** should be cleaned using a high efficiency vacuum cleaner by **Personnel** wearing appropriate PPE.

It will not be necessary to tent the area unless a considerable amount of metal fluoride is present, and there is a likelihood of the dust being dispersed beyond the immediate confines of the switchgear.

Once the **Senior Authorised Person** is satisfied that metal fluorides are not present in visible quantities the safety precautions adopted for gas by-products need no longer be taken and work can proceed after a new **Permit for Work** detailing the revised further precautions is issued. Clean conditions clothing shall be worn when working in gas switchgear.

(j) At each stage of the works requiring evacuation of the gas, the recipient of the **Safety Document** shall ensure that any gas in the *Gas Zone* is recovered in accordance with National Grid Environmental Policy, relevant manufacturer "Operational and Maintenance Manual" and Technical Guidance Note 178.

Appendix A - Flow Chart for Working Adjacent to Pressurised Barriers



Appendix B - Gas Zone Access Control Form

Initial Co	ndition of Gas	s Zone e.g.	SF ₆ / G ³ /	$N_2/O_2/anc$	l pressure F	Positive / No	egative:						
Safety Document Number:			Location:				Gas Zone Identification:						
A) Confirmation Gas Zone Vented			d	B) Confirmation <i>Gas Zone</i> Purged of Gas (if internal access required O ₂ %)				C) Confirmation Designated Access Points Secured and Working Party withdrawn prior to pressurisation					
Name	Signature	Date	Time	Name	e Signature Date Time Oxygen (%) Na			Name	Signature	Date	Time	Working Party No:	
# Delete	tion of <i>Gas Z</i> o	te			r:								
•	Competent Person Surrendering Safety Document				New Safety Document Recipient								
Name	Signature	Date	Time	Condition of <i>Gas Zone</i> e.g. SF ₆ / G ³ / N ₂ / O ₂ # and pressure Positive				sure	Name	Signature	Date	Time	
E) Condi	tion of <i>Gas Z</i> o	one at Safe	ty Docume	ent Clearan	ce e.g. SF ₆	$/ \overline{G^3/N_2}/C$	O₂# and pre	essure Positiv	e / Nega	tive #			

Note: Form to be filed in maintenance file on completion

Appendix C - Authorisation Matrix for Contractors Personnel

Contractor Personnel	Person	Competent Person	Authorised Person	Senior Authorised Person
Sections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Contractors Personnel

Contractors by law have a duty to provide a safe system of work for their employees.

National Grid have a duty in law to employ competent Contractors to undertake work on Gas **Equipment** and provide them with National Grid's safe system of work to enable them to develop their own safe systems of work.

National Grid Supply Chain Management processes ensure competent Contractors are selected.

Once a competent Contractor is selected, National Grid has a duty to ensure the Contractor understands Danger(s) associated with undertaking work within a **HV** compound, permit systems, demarcation and safe access and egress, including movement of objects and vehicles etc. This is accomplished by Contractors employees being authorised to National Grid Safety Rules and to NSI 6 and 8, via Management Procedure - NSI 30 "Appointment of Persons".

The Contractor selected shall be an expert in the area of Gas **Equipment** and therefore there is no requirement for authorisation under NSI 10.

Before a **Safety Document** is issued the **Senior Authorised Person** shall be authorised to NSI 10 and shall ensure the Contractors risk assessment and method statements cover the **Danger(s)** identified in NSI 10.

The National Grid **Senior Authorised Person** will issue a **Safety Document** to a Contractors **Competent Person** authorised to NSI 6 & 8.