NATIONAL GRID GAS HOLDINGS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2010.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Company's principal activity during the year was acting as an investment holding company.

DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE DURING THE YEAR

The Company holds an investment in National Grid Gas plc and obtains and provides finance to fellow subsidiary undertakings, National Grid plc, via inter company balances. Results, as detailed below, largely depend on investment income received offset by interest costs incurred. The Directors believe the current level of activity will continue in the foreseeable future.

As the Company is part of a larger group, the management of the Company does not involve the use of key performance indicators, other than the profit or loss for the year, in measuring the development, performance or the position of the Company and the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of National Grid plc. For information on the development, performance, risks, uncertainties and position of National Grid plc and its subsidiaries ('National Grid'), and of the key performance indicators used, refer to the Operating and Financial Review included in National Grid plc's Annual Report and Accounts 2009/10, which does not form part of this report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year after taxation of the Company was £329 million (2009: £497 million).

An interim ordinary dividend of £300 million (2009: £300 million) was paid during the year. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2009: £nil).

FINANCIAL POSITION

The financial position of the Company is presented in the balance sheet. Total shareholders' funds at 31 March 2010 were £1,696 million (2009: £1,667 million), comprising fixed asset investments of £7,118 million (2009: £7,118 million) and net current assets of £189 million (2009: £160 million) less long term liabilities of £5,611 million (2009: £5,611 million).

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The management of the Company and the execution of the Company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The Directors have identified the need to manage the Company's material financial risks, including liquidity, credit and interest rate risks. These risks are monitored through a National Grid Treasury management function which invests surplus funds, mitigates foreign exchange exposure and manages borrowings for the National Grid plc and its subsidiaries.

Treasury also seeks to limit counter-party risk by conducting most of its banking and dealing activities with a limited number of major international banks, whose status is kept under review.

LIQUIDITY RISK

The Company finances its operations through a combination of retained profits, new share issues and inter company loans.

CREDIT RISK

No material exposure is considered to exist in respect of inter company loans.

INTEREST RATE RISK

To the extent that the Company enters into inter company loan agreements, the Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises on such loans on which interest is based upon sterling LIBOR. The Company does not participate in interest rate hedging.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

M C Cooper

S C B Lucas

(Resigned 18 January 2010)

S J Holliday

(Resigned 18 January 2010)

M R Fairbairn

A S Wiltshire

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE

National Grid plc indemnifies officers of subsidiary companies against liabilities arising from the conduct of National Grid's business, to the extent permitted by law, by the placing of Directors' and Officers' insurance. The insurance indemnifies individual Directors' and Officers' personal legal liability and cost for claims arising out of actions taken in connection with the business of National Grid plc and its subsidiaries.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

GOING CONCERN

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and position are set out within the Directors' Report. In addition there are details of the Company's financial position and the risks that the Directors have highlighted as significant to the business.

As the Company is part of a larger group it participates in the group's centralised treasury arrangements and so shares banking arrangements with its parent and fellow subsidiaries. The Company is expected to continue to generate positive cash flows or be in a position to obtain finance via inter company loans to continue to operate for the foreseeable future.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

AUDIT INFORMATION

Having made the requisite enquiries, so far as the Directors in office at the date of the signing of this report are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware and each Director has taken all reasonable steps to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

REGISTERED OFFICE

1-3 STRAND LONDON WC2N 5EH

Registered in England and Wales

No: 3675375

D C Forward Company Secretary 6 August 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF NATIONAL GRID GAS HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of National Grid Gas Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2010 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or

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we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Phil Harrold (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Birmingham

6 August 2010

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 MARCH

	Notes	2010 £m	2009 £m
	110105	₩ 111	æm
Income from shares in subsidiary undertaking		300	300
Profit on sale of a fixed asset investment		-	2
Interest receivable from fellow subsidiary undertakings		3	12
Interest payable to fellow subsidiary undertakings		(2)	(14)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	301	300
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	28	197
Profit for the financial year transferred to reserves	10	329	497

The results reported above relate to continuing activities.

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than the profit for the financial years stated above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There are no material differences between the profit on ordinary activities before and after taxation for the financial years stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

BALANCE SHEET

AT 31 MARCH

		2010	2009
	Notes	£m	£m
	_		
Fixed asset investment	6	<u>7,118</u>	7,118
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	457	639
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7	1	1
Ç		458	640
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(269)	(480)
Net current assets		189_	160_
Total assets less current liabilities		7 207	7,278
Total assets less current natimities		7,307	1,210
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year			
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertaking		(5,611)	(5,611)
Net assets		1,696	1,667
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	147	147
Profit and loss account	10	1,549_	1,520
Total shareholders' funds	11	<u>1,696</u>	1,667

The financial statements on pages 6 to 13 were approved by the Board of Directors on 6 August 2010 and signed on its behalf by:

A S Wiltshire

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

1 Accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis in accordance with applicable UK accounting and financial reporting standards and the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention and in accordance with the consistently applied accounting policies set out below. There have been no changes to accounting policies during the year.

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

In accordance with Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, the Company is exempt from preparing consolidated financial statements, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lattice Group plc and is included within the consolidated accounts of National Grid Holdings One plc.

The Company has taken the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 1 (revised 1996) 'Cash flow statements'. Further, in accordance with exemptions under FRS 29 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures', the Company has not presented the financial instruments disclosures required by the standard, as disclosures that comply with the standard are included in the consolidated financial statements of National Grid plc.

(b) Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provisions for impairment. Investments are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Impairments are calculated such that the carrying value of the fixed asset investment is the lower of its cost or recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of its net realisable value and its value in use.

(c) Taxation

Current tax for the current and prior periods is provided at the amount expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is provided in full on all timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or the right to pay less tax, at a future date, at tax rates expected to apply when the timing differences reverse based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

1 Accounting policies (continued)

(c) Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(d) Financial instruments

Financial assets, liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities and is recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs, with an amount equal to the nominal amount of the shares issued included in the share capital account.

Loans receivable are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for estimated impairments. A provision is established for impairments where there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all the amounts due under the original terms of the loan. Interest income, together with losses when the loans are impaired is recognised on an effective interest basis in the profit and loss account.

Borrowings, which include interest-bearing loans and overdrafts, are recorded at their initial fair value which normally reflects the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs less any repayments. Subsequently these are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between proceeds and the redemption value is recognised over the term of the borrowing in the profit and loss account using the effective interest method.

(e) Dividends

Interim dividends are recognised when they become payable to the Company's shareholders. Final dividends are recognised in the financial year in which they are approved.

2 Directors and employees

The emoluments of the Directors are not paid to them in their capacity as Directors of the Company and are payable for services wholly attributable to other National Grid subsidiary undertakings. Accordingly, no details in respect of their emoluments have been included in these financial statements. During the year there were five Directors (2009: three) who exercised share options in the ordinary shares of the ultimate parent company, National Grid plc.

There were no employees of the Company during the year (2009: none).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

3 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging audit fees for the year of £11,000 (2009: £11,000).

4 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

	2010	2009
	£m	£m
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	(28)	(92)
Adjustments in respect of prior periods		(105)
Total tax credit on profit on ordinary activities	(28)	(197)

The tax credit for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009: 28%). The differences are explained below:

	2010 £m	2009 £m
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	301	300
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of tax in the UK of 28% (2009: 28%)	84	84
Effect of:		
Non-taxable income	(84)	(84)
Taxation on transfer pricing adjustments	(28)	(92)
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	(105)
Total current tax credit for the year	(28)	(197)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

A number of changes to the UK corporation tax system were announced in the 2010 Budget Report which have been enacted in the 2010 Finance Act. The impact of these is not considered to be material to the future tax charge in the UK.

Further changes were announced in the Emergency Coalition Budget on 22 June 2010. This included a reduction in the main corporation tax rate from the current 28% to 24% comprising a 1% per annum reduction over the course of a four year period commencing from 1 April 2011. We are in the process of evaluating the impact these changes will have on future tax charges.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

4 Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges (continued)

The worldwide debt cap, which restricts the amount of finance expense available for UK tax purposes, will apply for accounting periods ended 31 March 2011 onwards but is not expected to have a material effect on our future tax charge.

Furthermore a number of additional issues will also be the subject of future consultation such as a possible general anti-avoidance rule. We will monitor the impact of these proposals on our future tax charge.

5 Dividends

	2010	2009
	£m	£m
Ordinary dividend		
Interim dividend paid: 204p per share (2009: 204p per share)	300_	300_

6 Fixed asset investment

Shares in Subsidiary Undertaking £m

Cost and net book value:

At 1 April 2009 and 31 March 2010

7,118

The fixed asset investment at 31 March 2010 represents 100% of the ordinary share capital of National Grid Gas plc. The principal activity of that company is gas transportation and distribution and the company is registered in England and Wales.

The Directors believe that the carrying value of the investment is supported by its underlying assets.

7 Debtors

	2010	2009
	£m	£m
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	457	639
Amounts falling due after one year:		
Deferred tax	1	1
	458	640

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

7	Debtors (continued)				
				2010	2009
				£m	£m
	Deferred tax				
	Other short term timing differen	nce		1	1
	Deferred tax asset at 1 April 2	2009 and at 31	March 2010	1	1
8	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one year	r		
				2010	2009
				£m	£m
	Amounts awad to follow subsid	iom mad out ols in	~a	260	400
	Amounts owed to fellow subsid	rary undertaking	gs	<u> 269</u>	480
9	Called up share capital				
		2010	2009		
		Number	Number	Special	
	,	of shares	of shares	2010	2009
		millions	millions	£m	£m
	Allotted colled up and fully				
	Allotted, called up and fully paid ordinary shares of £1 each	147	147	147	147
	Famous and an arrange of the same and arrange of the same are same arranged and arranged arra				
10	Reserves				
10	Reserves				Profit
10	Reserves				Profit and loss
10	Reserves				and loss account
10	Reserves				and loss
10					and loss account £m
10	At 1 April 2009				and loss account £m
10	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year				and loss account £m 1,520 329
10	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5)				and loss account £m 1,520 329 (300)
10	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year				and loss account £m 1,520 329
	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5) At 31 March 2010	shareholders'	funds		and loss account £m 1,520 329 (300)
	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5)	shareholders'	funds	2010	and loss account £m 1,520 329 (300)
	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5) At 31 March 2010	shareholders'	funds	2010 £m	and loss account £m 1,520 329 (300) 1,549
	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5) At 31 March 2010	shareholders'	funds		and loss account £m 1,520 329 (300) 1,549
	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5) At 31 March 2010	shareholders'	funds		and loss account £m 1,520 329 (300) 1,549
	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5) At 31 March 2010 Reconciliation of movements in	shareholders'	funds	£m	and loss account £m 1,520 329 (300) 1,549
	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5) At 31 March 2010 Reconciliation of movements in		funds	£m 329	and loss account £m 1,520 329 (300) 1,549 2009 £m
	At 1 April 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5) At 31 March 2010 Reconciliation of movements in Profit for the financial year Dividends paid (see note 5)		funds	£m 329 (300)	and loss account £m 1,520 329 (300) 1,549 2009 £m 497 (300)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

12 Commitments and contingencies

The Company has guaranteed the repayment of principal sums, and any associated premium and interest on specific loans owed by its subsidiary National Grid Gas plc to third parties. At 31 March 2010, the sterling equivalent amounted to £954m (2009: £943m).

13 Related party transactions and ultimate parent company

The Company is exempt from disclosing transactions with National Grid plc and its subsidiary undertakings where all of the voting rights are held within the group. There were no related party transactions with companies where not all of the voting rights are held within the National Grid plc group of companies

The Company's ultimate parent and controlling company is National Grid plc and the immediate parent company is Lattice Group plc. The largest and smallest groups which include the Company, and for which consolidated financial statements are prepared, are headed by National Grid plc and National Grid Holdings One plc respectively. All of these companies are registered in England and Wales.

Copies of these financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary, National Grid plc, 1-3 Strand, London, WC2N 5EH.