New +
existing
connection
ensure covers
both

Clear +
transparent
set of
requirements

Remove barriers for storage providers Offshore
market
liabilities - how
does this
affect these
projects?

NOA Process
Interconnectors
- how is this
linked to code
offshore
assessments

Electricity Storage

Import + Export

*Fairness
* Quick

* Clear

Do not treat as generation

What's wrong with treating energy storage as demand

Difference in obligation for generators

Level + fair
playing field
Extra value
offered from
storage

Embedded value of storage

Dealt with in context of storage

Small Medium Large

Generator rules
clarity

How this would impact on current obligations for generators

Could cause additional cost and requirements

Ancillary
Services that
could be
provided

Consider generation + demand How do we classify storage?

Consistent of requirements
----Treatment of connections

Project risk
- Connections
contracts

If we don't
get this right
we could drive
storage
'underground'
DEMAND

Future
proofing for
storage
technology

Categorising by storage technology Difference
between
transmission
owners Scotland/
England

ENERGY

What it is...

How do we treat demand/load (obligations)

ELECTRICITY

What it is...

Need to open
Grid Code and
Find 'Storage'
section so it is
clear what
applies

How do you treat hybrid sites?

Generation + storage

What applies to storage? (not clear)

What it isn't...

What is isn't...

GENERATOR

+ 500
Generation
Load

Clarity for a storage operator

What problems could occur if we do nothing about...

Energy Storage? Effect on Grid

Electricity Storage? Code Objectives

Need to protect the network from adverse effects Maintain network capabilities

Lack of coordination could cause instability and other problems, e.g. effective delivery of services

How could certain ES/gen/demand configurations cause problems/possible solutions?

Technical and how does regulatory

environment need to be worked to facilitate?

Potential inconsistency between market and system needs

- 1. Visibility/Operational Data
- Minimum requirements from developer
- 3. What does the network require
- 4. Connection and notification
- 5. Developer
 - a) maximise profit
- 6. TSO/DSO
 - a) Security of supply at lowest possible cost
 - b) Maximum flexibility
- 7. How is storage forecast
 - a) Data

- Is the definition important?
 - Consider technical requirements instead?
- Set a level of materiality for Storage deployed in Large (100MW+) schemes
 - is it important to distinguish?
 - Class an auxiliary?
 - How do we flag what equipment is installed though?
- How do we consider geography
 - Build/deploy where its needed
- How far do we look into the future to future proof?

What is the specification for our technical requirements?

TECHNOLOGY

Storage medium
Export mechanism
Interface mechanism

CONFIGURATION

STORAGE ALONE
STORAGE integrated inside turbine
STORAGE on generation site

CAPACITY THRESHOLD

50MW CAPACITY = 100MW "resource". How? What?

TEC...

MW vs MWh vs both vs something else?

RUNNING REGIME

May limit business models as running regime may change with time as value shifts in services (EFR -> Arbitrage ->?). Multiple services?

What is the specification for our technical requirements?

> Technology

- ➤ Mirror gen reqs/specs
- > Capacity thresholds
- >MW or MWh

>Type of service

- ➤ Power service vs energy service
- >Security of supply vs trading

>Location

>Operating regime

- >Speed of response
- > Response characteristics/constraints

➢ Non-MW Power Services

- **≻**Reactive
- ➤ Voltage Control

- Remove 'red tape'/facilitates storage
- Future proofing consistent with speed
- Speed of implementation
- Impact on other codes
- 'Appropriate' level of resource deployed
- Consistent with overall reduction of bills

- Doesn't take too long/too many people
 - Balancing to ensure fit for purpose
- Simple for rapid implementation
- Future Proof
- Storage vs other technologies/approaches
 - Mandatory vs Commercial
- Efficient outcomes
 - Whole system?
 - TN?
 - Consumer? Same?!
- Security of supply
- Safety issues?
 - Experience

Ensure that rules/req

- are cost effective
- Don't negatively impact on the operator

GC DEF FOR ENERGY STORAGE

SCALABILITY
AND
COMMONALITY
BETWEEN G
CODE + D CODE

NO CATEGORIES FOR DIFF STORAGE TYPES

FLEXIBILITY AND FUTURE PROOFING ADDING IN
CURRENT
CONNECTION
TOPOLOGY

ENSURE LEVEL PLAYING FIELD DSR + STORAGE

LINK TO OTHER PROVIDER OF FLEX DSR←AGG

DSM Regs

GC DEF FOR ELEC STORAGE NON-STANDARD INSTALLATIONS EMBEDDED

FLEXIBILITY

BY MARKET EFR etc.

TABLE TO FLAG REQS

- 1. Technology neutral
- 2. Bridge Generation & Demand
- 3. Interaction with Market (100MW+)
- 4. Interaction with DNOs
- 5. Controllability and visibility to the SO
- 6. Coordination Size Connected
- 7. Scalability
- 8. Consistency
- 9. Clarity for developer
- 10. Security of supply
- Technology/requirements on power electronics

- Technology neutral
- Running regime
- Clarity

Storage - Technical Req section:

Voltage

- Frequency | Minimum

- FRT

Commercial Services - Not GC

What is the specification for our technical requirements?

- What does 'interface' mean from 17th Aug outcomes?
- Import vs Export
 - 'Round trip efficiency'
- Configuration important
 - Standalone Transmission connections less likely than Distribution?
- MW vs MWh vs MVAr
- EU
 - Storage Code?
 - RfG/DCC requirements need to ensure compliance of any technical standards?
- TO Storage ownership?

What is the criteria for our technical requirements?

- Use existing Gen/Demand requirements with Storagespecific context
- Don't reinvent what exists already
- Cross-over between Transmission and Distribution



CAR PARK



- Understand long duration charge/discharge battery solutions for large-scale demand
- Link to renewable subsidy work with BEIS Ofgem
 - Metering queries (Elexon?)
- Market signals for where storage connects
 - DNO
 - EFCC (EFR)
- How big is important?
 - TSO/DNO